

Green Healthcare Construction Case Studies

Continuum Center for Health and Healing Beth Israel Medical Center New York NY

Architect Guenther 5 Architects, New York, www.g5arch.com

Stage: Completed in 2000

Description 12,000 sq ft **Full integrative care medical center**Construction **Interior renovation** in a multi tenant office bldg

Info: www.healthandhealingny.org/center/center_environ.html

Key green construction elements:

- IEQ & Materials all interior materials screened for IAQ and environmental responsibility
 - Flooring: No PVC, Cork, linoleum, reclaimed wood, minimal carpet (recycled carpet tile and organic wool)
 - o Paint: Durable, premium quality, fast-curing paints and stains were used that have low VOC content, no formaldehyde, ammonia, crystalline silica or ethylene glycol.
 - Construction Adhesives, Caulking Compound, Sealers, Cleaners: Low odor, non-toxic, waterbased products that have very low VOC content, no formaldehyde and are safely applied by the installer
 - Cabinet substrates: Green medium density fiberboard (MDF) made from 100% recovered wood from old pallets, construction waste and manufacturers' outfall. No urea formaldehyde resin used in the binding.
 - o Insulation: Formaldehyde free fiberglass minimum 25% recycled fiber
 - o Ceiling acoustic panels: Rapidly renewable aspen fibers in nontoxic binder
 - Wall finish (toilets): recycled glass tiles
 - Furniture: eliminated formaldehyde, CFCs and VOCs, easily maintained with green cleaners, recyclable, metal casework, compostable fabrics.
 - PVC excluded from construction and furniture specs. PVC already illegal in NYC for piping and ductwork
 - HEPA air handler
 - Green cleaning service trained by designers
 - Follow up IAQ monitoring every 6 months

"Patients with environmentally induced medical problems come to the Center seeking Western and Eastern remedies. Many have multiple allergies, making it all the more critical for Guenther Petrarca to "push the envelope" of material selection in order to eliminate any substances that might aggravate a patient's health. The selection of building materials and installation methods optimize indoor air quality and environmental responsibility. Material selections—flooring, paint, adhesives, cabinet substrates—eliminate use of formaldehyde and VOCs. Carpet is scarce; major flooring materials are cork and linoleum, both natural and biodegradable products. Fabric selection focuses on recycled and compostable materials. All materials were selected to be easily maintained with natural cleaning products in order to ensure a high level of indoor air quality. "
(ISDesignNet www.isdesignet.com/Magazine/June'00/cover.html)

The Center was Guenther's first with a client really making a commitment to IAQ. IAQ, not energy conservation was the real driver in this project. Addressing IAQ is an important part of the hospital's business plan for this integrative health care center where clients often have chronic illnesses and believe them to be environmentally related. The Center wants to be able to say there is nothing here to make your allergies worse.



Sullivan County Diagnostic and Treatment Center (SDTC) Center for Discovery Harris NY

Architect
Stage:
Description:

Guenther 5 Architects, New York, www.g5arch.com
In construction 2002, scheduled for completion in 2003
Health center for children with severe disabilities

Construction New

Info http://www.thecenterfordiscovery.org/home.html

Key green construction elements:

Registered LEED 2.0 (first LEED registered healthcare project)

IEQ & Materials:

- o PVC excluded from all interiors, roofing (EPDM & metal) and piping
- o Flooring: Linoleum, Stratica, reusable carpet tile
- o Wall covering: Sisal
- Low toxic finishes
- Certified wood

• Energy:

- o Geothermal & radiant floor heat
- Passive solar heat
- o Reflective metal cool roof
- o Daylighting with photocell sensor lighting control
- Operable windows in every occupied space

Site:

- CSA organic farm & farmers market
- Therapeutic riding center



Legacy Good Samaritan Hospital Marshall Street Addition Portland OR

Architect: Johnson Design, Portland, OR

Stage: Completed 1998

Description: Hospital - 10,000 sf entrance pavilion serving larger outpatient facility

Construction: Addition

Key green construction elements:

IEQ & Materials:

- o views in and out to garden/nature connection,
- o terrazzo floors
- low/no VOC materials,
- no PVC in interior finishes

Energy:

- skylighting & daylighting
- natural lighting softened & modulated by landscaping, design and manual Mecco screen
- task lighting & step lighting
- o daylight controls

Site:

- landscape pocket "urban wildlife habitat" & healing garden courtyard
- preserve old trees
- IPM landscaping
- pedestrian pathway with plant interpretation

1998 AIA Portland Architecture & Energy Design Awards Five buildings were recognized for demonstrating the integration of design and energy efficiency at the sixth annual Architecture + Energy (A+E) awards. The Marshall Street Addition at Legacy Good Samaritan Hospital received the Award for Enhancing Human Environmental and Economic Performance.

From the Portland AIA web site: "This 10,950 square foot addition remodel demonstrates "a well thought out approach to enhance the human experience...[and]...to enhance the surrounding buildings connected to it with a theatrical, yet measuring sense of arrival in a complex collection of buildings." This project makes an elegant statement for the roles of daylighting, effective electric lighting, indoor air quality, and landscape design to support the users well being." The new landscape pocket, specially designed for its healing qualities, is an "urban wildlife habitat." From the Portland Business Journal: "Johnson Design Studio Architecture ostensibly won the hospital addition award. It received honors for the way it enhances the environment. Among other things, designers chose fabrics that have low toxicity."www.aiaportland.com/ae/1998/goodsam.htm

From the Oregon Solar Energy Association's Energizer: "Johnson Design Studio Architecture's Legacy Good Samaritan Hospital's Marshall Street Addition, won for its people-friendly design and environmental improvements including the use of daylighting; less-toxic materials; improved lighting, energy and mechanical systems; and a healing urban wildlife habitat." www.solaror.org/Energizer/Aug98.htm

From Energy NewsData ""That project hit all of us as enhancing human, environmental and economic performance," said juror Gail Lindsey, an architect who is founder and president of Design Harmony. The building designers clearly looked beyond traditional architectural boundaries, Lindsey noted. For example, the project includes a healing garden enjoyed by patients as well as people in the local community. Some day it might even serve as urban wildlife habitat, further extending the context. Lindsey also lauded the project for such features as non-toxic paints and extensive use of daylighting." www.newsdata.com/enernet/conweb/conweb31.html#cw31-4



Swindon Hospital Swindon, UK

Developer Carrillon

Stage Scheduled for completion in late 2002

Description Full service hospital

Construction: New

Info: http://www.carillionplc.com/general-hospital/swindon/environ.htm

Key green construction elements:

Using Natural Step process in design

- IEQ & Materials:
 - o sustainable lumber
 - o reduce PVC
 - o other green materials
- Energy:
 - solar glazing
 - o effective insulation materials
 - o low energy lighting
 - high efficiency HVAC equipment
- Waste:
- o onsite segregation of all material for recycling of pallets, plasterboard, plastic, cardboard, hard-core, arboricultural waste (green waste) and general waste
- o Green waste, lumber, paper and cardboard chipped for mulch or composted for topsoil
- o Preference to recycled and long life products
- Preference to suppliers who take back and recycle packaging
- Landscaping to reuse soil on site and minimize waste soil
- Site:
- wildlife protection habitat management plan
- o tree planting
- bird boxes



Mt. Sinai Medical Center Obstetric Services – Postpartum Units (7th & 8th floor/ Klingstein Paviliion) New York NY

Architect: Guenther 5 Architects, New York, www.g5arch.com
Stage: Under design in 2002, completion scheduled 2004

Description: 60 bed **OB acute care** service facility
Construction: Interior renovation in existing hospital

Key green construction elements:

- IEQ & Materials: no PVC finish materials
 - o Flooring: Fritz tile, Linoleum, Rubber and Stratica (faux wood)
 - Wall: Low VOC paint, Zirell fabric, Cherry millwork
 - o Cabinet substrates: Medex formaldehyde free
 - o Ceiling: Metal, wood, Armstrong acoustic ceiling tile
 - o (Furniture in process)

Mt. Sinai Medical Center Allogenaic Bone Marrow Transplant Center New York NY

Architect: Guenther 5 Architects, New York, www.g5arch.com,

Stage: Completed in 1999

Description: 4 bed unit in Medical Center

Construction: interior renovation

Key green construction elements:

- IEQ & Materials:
 - o Material selection to minimize outgassing IAQ problems
 - No PVC in interior finish materials

"Here, seriously ill patients undergo radical treatments that leave their immune systems severely compromised. For some 45 days, patients stay in "class 100 clean rooms" while their bodies regenerate white cells and their immune systems regain strength. For this project, Guenther Petrarca needed to be absolutely certain that the materials and installation methods they chose would not adversely affect patients."

(ISDesignNet www.isdesignet.com/Magazine/June'00/cover.html)



University of Texas Houston School of Nursing Houston TX

Architect: **BNIM – Berkebile**, Kansas City, MO www.bnim.

Stage: Construction started in early 2002. Completion expected in early 2004.

Description: Medical school

Construction New

Info: http://www.uth.tmc.edu/sustainability/

Key green construction elements:

• LEED Registered planning for Gold (possible Platinum with future PV)

o Innovative credits: High volume flyash, hig water use reduction education program, hig stormwater reduction or high recycling

Energy:

- 46% better than ASHRAE 90.1 1999.
- o high performance glazing
- shading
- o daylighting with user/occupancy and daylighting light controls
- o task lighting
- o raised floor
- commissioning with monitoring system for ongoing energy measurement and performance verification
- o PV infrastructure (planned future rooftop array)

Site/Water:

- Efficient landscaping
- o grey and storm water reuse for sewage and irrigation
- o green roof
- o no light trespass
- o transit access
- bike storage and shower facilities
- wastewater living machine (future)
- 62% reduction over baseline projected

Materials/IEQ:

- Low VOC adhesives and finishes
- Local sourcing (>50% <500 miles)
- o recycled content (50% of materials, incl >50% fly ash concrete),
- leased take back carpet tile
- >50% certified wood (interior wood doors, lab casework, cabinetry, wall ceiling panels, mesquite and bald cypress flooring)
- o rapidly renewable materials (cotton insulation, linoleum, agri-fiber boards).
- Existing building deconstruction and recycle or reuse.
- o Demountable office/classroom partition system for future flexibility.
- No PVC in plumbing piping (cast iron, copper, and concrete), wall covering, window treatments, carpet, resilient flooring. PVC will likely remain in wiring, slab conduit, and some F/F&E items like some furniture items and computer cabling.

• Waste/Construction practices:

- Diversion averaging 80% as of fall 2003
- IAQ management plan for construction in place.

(updated Oct 2002)



Boulder Community Foothills Hospital Boulder, CO

Architect: Oz Architecture, Boulder, CO www.ozarch.com and Boulder Associates, Boulder, CO

www.boulderassociates.com

Stage: Construction began in late 2001, and was completed in August 2003. The facility opened

in September 2003.

Description: Acute Care Hospital (including Emergency Department, ICU, Surgery, Lab, Imaging,

Pharmacy, Occupational Med, and Offices) 231,000 sf

Construction New

Info: http://www.bch.org,

Key green construction elements:

LEED Certified, Silver level, Innovative – CUP, Daylight harvesting, operable window HVAC interconnect

Site/Water

- Maintain wildlife corridor and sensitive to floodplain
- Erosion control
- Restoring wetlands for filtering storm water (with oil interceptors first)
- o Permeable pavers for fire lane
- o Near transit, added bus shelter
- o Bicycle facilities, showers
- Reducing parking 25% beyond zoning via variance, preferred parking for carpools
- o Minimized light pollution
- Waterless urinals and efficient sensor fixtures
- Low water use and xeriscape plantings

• IEQ & Materials

- High recycled content in concrete (fly ash), insulation, carpet, acoustical tile, structural steel, rebar, and millwork
- High local content in concrete, stone, masonry, studs, paint & millwork
- o TPO (non PVC) roof
- o Linoleum flooring
- o Low VOC paint, carpet, adhesives; formaldehyde-free insulation, millwork and plywood
- Operable windows in patient rooms with mechanical system interlock, views

Energy

- Efficient daylighting and electric lighting; daylight and occupancy sensors
- o Energy Star reflective roof, with high R-value (R-30)
- o Energy-efficient glazing
- Exterior sun shading on west and south
- Highly efficient Central Utility Plant (CUP)
- Additional commissioning extensive third party
- o 30% savings over LEED baseline

Waste/Construction practices

- Aggressive construction waste recycling, 64%
- Site fill obtained for free from a nearby site that was excavating
- LEED IAQ protocol is standard practice
- Construction staging management and flush out period
- New filters after flush out

Operations

- comprehensive recycling and EPP programs in place and designed for in new
- **Innovative** credits for encouragement of alternative transportation, and extremely high amounts of local and recycled content materials.

(updated September 2005)



Fletcher Allen Renaissance Project Burlington, VT

Architect: Tsoi/Kobus Boston, MA <u>www.tka-architects.com</u>

Stage: Construction started in 2001, completion expected in 2005

Description: Ambulatory care and joint education center (with University of Vermont)

Construction New 400,000 sf adjoining existing buildings

Info: http://www.fahc.org

Key green construction elements:

• LEED: registered

- Materials/IEQ:
 - o Reducing PVC use
 - o TPO E star roof
 - Low or no formaldehyde and low or no VOC indoor finish materials
- Energy:
 - High performance glazings
 - EE (VT one state that has active EE stds)
- Site/Water:
 - o storm water management retainage basin & filtration
- Waste/Construction practices:
 - o seeking a high diversion of construction and demolition diversion
- Operations:
 - o Compost out & organic food in

St. Francis Health System Warren MOB Tulsa Campus Tulsa OK

Architect: Hammel Green Abrahamson Associates (HGA), Minneapolis, MN www.hga.com

Developer: Warren Professional Building Corp.

Stage: in design development to be completed May 2003

Description: 170,946 sf MOB, 6 ORs outpatient area

Construction New

Info: http://www.saintfrancis.com/

Key green construction elements:

- LEED Registered attempting silver, major parking deck impervious surface is challenge
- Materials
 - o Regional sourcing
 - Recycled content
 - o low/no VOC materials and finishes
- Energy
 - o efficient HVAC

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Driven by concern and marketing opportunity, IAQ issues and legal ramifications



San Francisco Department of Public Health Laguna Honda Hospital Rebuild San Francisco CA

Architect: Joint venture of Anshen + Allen and Chong | Partners Architecture with VanderRyn

Associates (LEED)

Stage: In design development in 2002, scheduled for completion in 2007-2011

Description: 1200 bed Long term residential nursing care

Construction http://www.dph.sf.ca.us/LHHReplace

Key green construction elements:

LEED: Registered, attempting to meet LEED Silver, Innovative: education, PVC reduction,

Materials/IEQ:

- Reducing PVC usage
- Low VOC and other IAQ work,
- Views

Energy:

- High performance equipment and design
- o No HCFCs or halons
- o Daylighting and controls

Site/Water

- Open space protection and restoration
- Transit access
- o Bike facilities
- o Water efficient landscape and facilities
- o Heat island mitigation
- Light pollution reduction,

• Waste/Construction practices:

- o seeking 75% of diversion
- o IAQ management plan

• Ops:

- Compost
- o Organic therapy garden
- Green cleaners

McKenzie Willamette Hospital Expansion Springfield OR

Architect: HDR Architects, Omaha, NE <u>www.hdrinc.com</u>

Stage: On hold during organizational reorganization. Start programming in early winter 2003

Description 90,000 sf **Hospital** expansion Construction Addition and renovation

Key green construction elements:

LEED: registered, possible Silver for new tower, maybe also LEED™ for Existing Buildings **IEQ & Materials**: Definite PVC elimination.

(updated October 2002)



Heather Hill Hospital & Health Partnership Geauga YMCA Center for Health and Wellness Munson, OH

Architect: Doty & Miller Architects, <u>www.dotyandmiller.com</u>

Stage: Construction started July 2002, completion scheduled for fall 2003

Description: 50,000 sf **Rehabilitation** health and wellness facility

Construction New

Info http://www.heatherhill.org/ymca/

Key green construction elements:

- LEED registered
- Energy
 - Natural day lighting
 - o Geothermal ground source heat pump & HVAC system.
 - o Active solar hot water heating for pool water.
 - Electrical lighting controls with daylight and occupancy sensor controls
 - High performance insulation and glazing systems
- IEQ/Materials
 - High indoor air quality
 - Long lasting durable natural materials
 - o Materials with recycled content or from rapidly renewable sources.
 - Low VOC finishes and products

Logansport State Hospital Isaac Ray Treatment Center Logansport, IN

Architect Scholer Corporation www.scholer.com

Stage unknown

Description 66-bed mental health treatment

Construction New

Key green construction elements:

• LEED registered

Saint Mary's Mercy Medical Center Richard J. Lacks, Sr. Cancer Center Grand Rapids, MI

Architect: Trinity Design

Stage: Construction began 2002. Scheduled for completion in the second quarter of **2004**Description Cancer Treatment facility. 40 inpatient rooms with rooms for family members

Construction New

Info http://www.smmmc.org/construction/

Key green construction elements:

• **LEED** registered